

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

5-Chloro-2-nitrophenol

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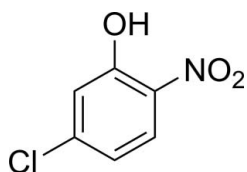
Received 1 April 2012; accepted 4 April 2012

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.058; wR factor = 0.171; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.0.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{ClNO}_3$, contains two independent molecules in which the dihedral angles between the benzene ring and the nitro groups are 2.5 (1) and 8.5 (1)°. Intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds involving the hydroxy and nitro substituents result in the formation of $S(6)$ six-membered rings. In the crystal, $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds together with $\text{Cl}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts [3.238 (3) and 3.207 (3) Å] generate a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For background to applications of the title compound and its synthesis, see: Richard (1971). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987) and for hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{ClNO}_3$
 $M_r = 173.55$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.5390$ (15) Å
 $b = 8.1640$ (16) Å
 $c = 13.132$ (3) Å
 $\alpha = 94.75$ (3)°
 $\beta = 96.48$ (3)°

$\gamma = 116.46$ (3)°
 $V = 710.9$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.49$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.909$, $T_{\max} = 0.953$
 2808 measured reflections

2596 independent reflections
 1833 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$
 3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
 intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.171$
 $S = 1.01$
 2596 reflections

200 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.32$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.36$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.82	1.91	2.605 (5)	142
$\text{O6}-\text{H6A}\cdots\text{O4}$	0.82	1.88	2.581 (4)	143
$\text{O3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O6}^i$	0.82	2.71	3.350 (5)	136
$\text{O6}-\text{H6A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{ii}$	0.82	2.70	3.207 (3)	121
$\text{C2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O5}^{iii}$	0.93	2.49	3.155 (5)	129

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$; (ii) $x, y - 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

This study was supported financially by the Capital University of Economics and Business (00891162721716) and the Scientific Research Level Project of the Beijing Education Commission Foundation. The author thanks the Center of Testing and Analysis, Beijing University of Science and Technology, for the data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5233).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1365 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812014638]

5-Chloro-2-nitrophenol

Dong-mei Ren

Comment

The title compound, 5-chloro-2-nitrophenol, is an important intermediate in the preparation of commercially important materials such as lampicides, agricultural chemicals and dyestuffs (Richard, 1971). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

The asymmetric unit contains two molecules of 5-chloro-2-nitrophenol, Fig. 1. The dihedral angles between the C1—C6 ring plane and that of the nitro group N1/O1/O2 is 2.5 (1)° while that between the C7—C12 plane and that of N2/O4/O5 is 8.5 (1)°. Intramolecular O3—H3A···O2 and O6—H6A···O4 hydrogen bonds form S(6) rings in both molecules (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). Bond distances in both molecules are normal (Allen *et al.* 1987).

In the crystal structure intermolecular O—H···O, O—H···Cl, and C—H···O hydrogen bonds, Table 1, together with and Cl2···O2 and Cl2···O6 contacts with distances 3.238 (3) and 3.207 (3) Å respectively generate a three dimensional network structure, Fig 2.

Experimental

The title compound, (I) was prepared by a method reported in literature (Richard, 1971). Crystals were obtained by dissolving (I) (0.1 g) in methanol (30 ml) and evaporating the solvent slowly at room temperature for about 8 d.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H and 0.82 Å for O—H, respectively. The $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$, where $x = 1.2$ for aromatic H.

Computing details

Data collection: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); cell refinement: *CAD-4 Software* (Enraf–Nonius, 1985); data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

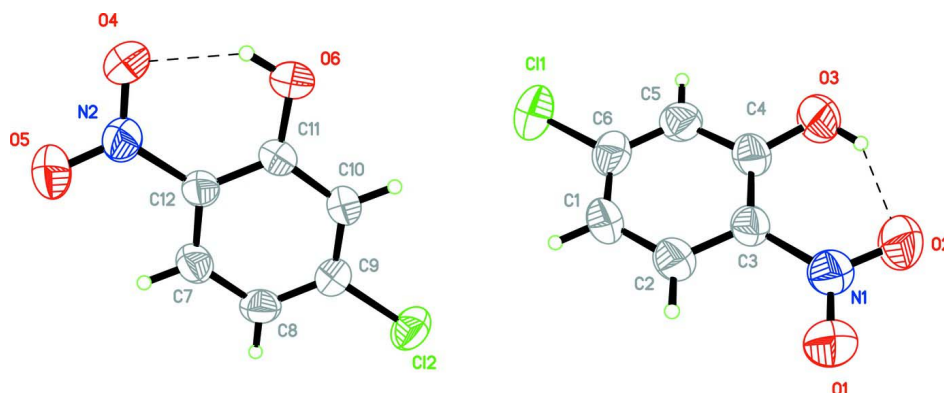


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and intramolecular hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

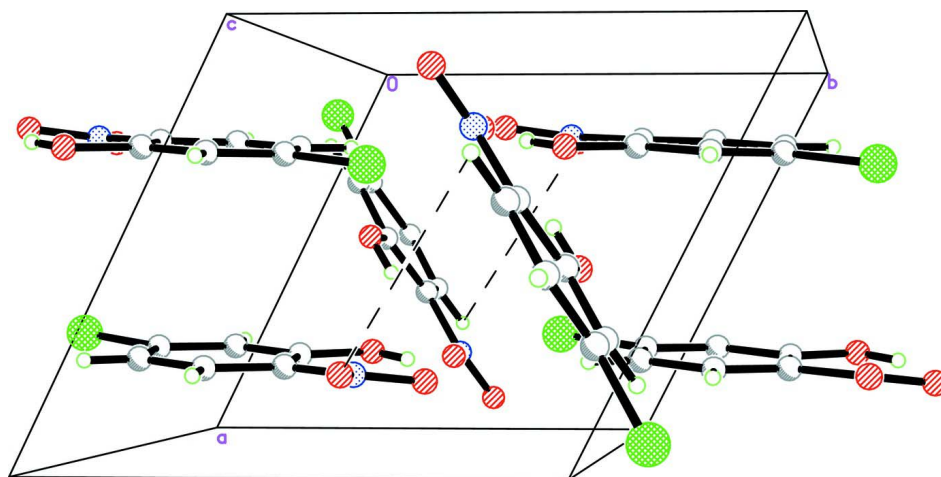


Figure 2

A packing diagram for (I) with hydrogen bonds drawn as dashed lines.

5-Chloro-2-nitrophenol

Crystal data

$C_6H_4ClNO_3$

$M_r = 173.55$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 7.5390$ (15) Å

$b = 8.1640$ (16) Å

$c = 13.132$ (3) Å

$\alpha = 94.75$ (3)°

$\beta = 96.48$ (3)°

$\gamma = 116.46$ (3)°

$V = 710.9$ (2) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 352$

$D_x = 1.622$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.49$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, colourless

$0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	2596 independent reflections 1833 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$
Graphite monochromator	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.6^\circ$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$h = 0 \rightarrow 9$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.909$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.953$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
2808 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 200 reflections intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H-atom parameters constrained
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2 + 0.250P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.171$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.01$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
2596 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
200 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001xF_c^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.45 (3)
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.09701 (18)	-0.12155 (17)	0.84727 (9)	0.0829 (5)
O1	0.9021 (5)	0.6279 (4)	1.0905 (2)	0.0826 (10)
O2	0.7781 (5)	0.5201 (4)	1.2241 (2)	0.0782 (9)
O3	0.4570 (5)	0.2037 (4)	1.2061 (2)	0.0767 (9)
H3A	0.5526	0.2962	1.2398	0.115*
N1	0.7735 (5)	0.5097 (4)	1.1288 (3)	0.0597 (8)
C1	0.4447 (6)	0.2008 (6)	0.8902 (3)	0.0629 (11)
H1A	0.4394	0.1959	0.8188	0.075*
C2	0.5999 (6)	0.3446 (5)	0.9564 (3)	0.0583 (10)
H2A	0.7001	0.4381	0.9299	0.070*
C3	0.6081 (5)	0.3513 (5)	1.0626 (3)	0.0489 (8)
C4	0.4593 (6)	0.2115 (5)	1.1042 (3)	0.0539 (9)
C5	0.3021 (6)	0.0657 (5)	1.0360 (3)	0.0580 (10)
H5A	0.2021	-0.0294	1.0617	0.070*

C6	0.2954 (6)	0.0625 (5)	0.9309 (3)	0.0590 (10)
Cl2	0.29044 (16)	0.23975 (12)	0.58973 (8)	0.0630 (4)
O4	0.1840 (5)	-0.5736 (4)	0.3805 (2)	0.0739 (9)
O5	0.2094 (5)	-0.4362 (4)	0.2464 (2)	0.0739 (9)
O6	0.2463 (5)	-0.3927 (4)	0.5626 (2)	0.0687 (8)
H6A	0.2295	-0.4825	0.5222	0.103*
N2	0.2030 (5)	-0.4369 (4)	0.3381 (2)	0.0540 (8)
C7	0.2170 (5)	-0.1315 (5)	0.3516 (3)	0.0497 (9)
H7A	0.2034	-0.1425	0.2798	0.060*
C8	0.2359 (5)	0.0268 (5)	0.4076 (3)	0.0506 (9)
H8A	0.2334	0.1225	0.3746	0.061*
C9	0.2591 (5)	0.0401 (4)	0.5151 (3)	0.0460 (8)
C10	0.2595 (5)	-0.1007 (5)	0.5650 (3)	0.0481 (8)
H10A	0.2723	-0.0890	0.6368	0.058*
C11	0.2407 (5)	-0.2611 (5)	0.5086 (3)	0.0474 (8)
C12	0.2176 (5)	-0.2746 (4)	0.4005 (2)	0.0440 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0728 (8)	0.0827 (8)	0.0728 (8)	0.0264 (6)	-0.0025 (6)	-0.0195 (6)
O1	0.085 (2)	0.0652 (19)	0.070 (2)	0.0088 (16)	0.0131 (16)	0.0168 (15)
O2	0.095 (2)	0.0759 (19)	0.0435 (17)	0.0233 (17)	0.0098 (14)	-0.0014 (13)
O3	0.093 (2)	0.0755 (19)	0.0431 (15)	0.0196 (16)	0.0213 (14)	0.0132 (13)
N1	0.070 (2)	0.0529 (18)	0.054 (2)	0.0260 (17)	0.0112 (16)	0.0083 (15)
C1	0.082 (3)	0.068 (3)	0.038 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.0116 (18)	0.0072 (18)
C2	0.070 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.0173 (18)	0.0112 (17)
C3	0.060 (2)	0.0470 (19)	0.0414 (18)	0.0262 (17)	0.0073 (16)	0.0053 (15)
C4	0.066 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.0397 (19)	0.0295 (19)	0.0159 (16)	0.0077 (16)
C5	0.063 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.057 (2)	0.0231 (19)	0.0211 (18)	0.0118 (17)
C6	0.063 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.0067 (18)	-0.0028 (18)
Cl2	0.0752 (7)	0.0489 (6)	0.0650 (7)	0.0330 (5)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0050 (4)
O4	0.114 (3)	0.0442 (15)	0.0637 (18)	0.0359 (16)	0.0214 (16)	0.0060 (13)
O5	0.099 (2)	0.0729 (19)	0.0451 (16)	0.0352 (17)	0.0187 (14)	-0.0026 (13)
O6	0.113 (2)	0.0499 (15)	0.0509 (16)	0.0420 (16)	0.0173 (15)	0.0176 (12)
N2	0.0596 (19)	0.0457 (17)	0.0481 (18)	0.0176 (14)	0.0108 (14)	-0.0003 (13)
C7	0.054 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0372 (18)	0.0180 (17)	0.0070 (15)	0.0076 (15)
C8	0.057 (2)	0.0414 (18)	0.052 (2)	0.0206 (16)	0.0084 (16)	0.0141 (15)
C9	0.0472 (19)	0.0419 (18)	0.0468 (19)	0.0198 (15)	0.0061 (15)	0.0022 (14)
C10	0.058 (2)	0.0481 (19)	0.0352 (17)	0.0223 (17)	0.0073 (15)	0.0050 (14)
C11	0.058 (2)	0.0421 (18)	0.0399 (18)	0.0186 (16)	0.0129 (15)	0.0115 (14)
C12	0.0454 (19)	0.0372 (17)	0.0412 (18)	0.0112 (14)	0.0101 (14)	0.0055 (14)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cl1—C6	1.748 (4)	Cl2—C9	1.736 (3)
O1—N1	1.217 (4)	O4—N2	1.247 (4)
O2—N1	1.242 (4)	O5—N2	1.210 (4)
O3—C4	1.347 (4)	O6—C11	1.349 (4)
O3—H3A	0.8200	O6—H6A	0.8200

N1—C3	1.454 (5)	N2—C12	1.452 (4)
C1—C2	1.371 (5)	C7—C8	1.373 (5)
C1—C6	1.389 (6)	C7—C12	1.380 (5)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C7—H7A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.385 (5)	C8—C9	1.392 (5)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C8—H8A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.399 (5)	C9—C10	1.370 (5)
C4—C5	1.397 (6)	C10—C11	1.391 (5)
C5—C6	1.373 (5)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C5—H5A	0.9300	C11—C12	1.399 (5)
C4—O3—H3A	109.5	C11—O6—H6A	109.5
O1—N1—O2	121.8 (3)	O5—N2—O4	121.6 (3)
O1—N1—C3	120.0 (3)	O5—N2—C12	119.3 (3)
O2—N1—C3	118.2 (3)	O4—N2—C12	119.0 (3)
C2—C1—C6	119.2 (3)	C8—C7—C12	120.9 (3)
C2—C1—H1A	120.4	C8—C7—H7A	119.5
C6—C1—H1A	120.4	C12—C7—H7A	119.5
C1—C2—C3	120.3 (4)	C7—C8—C9	118.1 (3)
C1—C2—H2A	119.8	C7—C8—H8A	121.0
C3—C2—H2A	119.8	C9—C8—H8A	121.0
C2—C3—C4	120.7 (3)	C10—C9—C8	121.8 (3)
C2—C3—N1	117.8 (3)	C10—C9—C12	118.3 (3)
C4—C3—N1	121.5 (3)	C8—C9—C12	119.9 (3)
O3—C4—C5	116.6 (3)	C9—C10—C11	120.3 (3)
O3—C4—C3	125.0 (3)	C9—C10—H10A	119.9
C5—C4—C3	118.4 (3)	C11—C10—H10A	119.9
C6—C5—C4	120.0 (4)	O6—C11—C10	117.2 (3)
C6—C5—H5A	120.0	O6—C11—C12	124.8 (3)
C4—C5—H5A	120.0	C10—C11—C12	118.0 (3)
C5—C6—C1	121.3 (4)	C7—C12—C11	120.9 (3)
C5—C6—C11	119.1 (3)	C7—C12—N2	118.8 (3)
C1—C6—C11	119.7 (3)	C11—C12—N2	120.2 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.3 (6)	C12—C7—C8—C9	1.0 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.3 (6)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-1.2 (5)
C1—C2—C3—N1	-178.4 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C12	178.3 (3)
O1—N1—C3—C2	-2.3 (5)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.4 (5)
O2—N1—C3—C2	177.5 (4)	C12—C9—C10—C11	-178.1 (3)
O1—N1—C3—C4	179.0 (4)	C9—C10—C11—O6	178.7 (3)
O2—N1—C3—C4	-1.2 (5)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.3 (5)
C2—C3—C4—O3	178.3 (4)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.9 (5)
N1—C3—C4—O3	-3.0 (6)	C8—C7—C12—N2	-178.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (5)	O6—C11—C12—C7	-178.9 (3)
N1—C3—C4—C5	178.5 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C7	1.0 (5)
O3—C4—C5—C6	-179.2 (4)	O6—C11—C12—N2	-1.6 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (6)	C10—C11—C12—N2	178.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.2 (6)	O5—N2—C12—C7	6.9 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C11	-180.0 (3)	O4—N2—C12—C7	-173.2 (3)

C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.1 (6)	O5—N2—C12—C11	-170.4 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C11	-179.9 (3)	O4—N2—C12—C11	9.5 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
O3—H3A...O2	0.82	1.91	2.605 (5)	142
O6—H6A...O4	0.82	1.88	2.581 (4)	143
O3—H3A...O6 ⁱ	0.82	2.71	3.350 (5)	136
O6—H6A...C12 ⁱⁱ	0.82	2.70	3.207 (3)	121
C2—H2A...O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.49	3.155 (5)	129

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+2$; (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.